



Servo Amplifier

**Quick Start Manual** 

# MR-J3-T Servo Amplifier With Point Table Positioning (Point-to-Point Positioning)

AITSUBISHI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION

## **About This Manual**

If you have any questions about programming or operating the equipment described in this manual please don't hesitate to contact your dealer or one of our official distributors (see back cover).

You can find up-to-date information and answers to frequently-asked questions on our website (www.mitsubishi-automation.com).

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. reserves the right to make technical changes to the products or this manual at any time without prior notice.

> 11/2010 MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V.

#### Quick Start Manual MR-J3-T Servo Amplifier with Integrated Point Table Positioning Art. No.: xxxxxx

	Varaian			Changes / Additions / Corrections
	version	u alua	First Edition	Changes / Additions / Corrections
A	10/2007	pap	First Edition	Evolution of connection diagram Fig. 5.1 and addition of factories
D	11/2010	an	Section 5.1.	Exchange of connection diagram Fig. 5-1 and addition of rootholes

This Quick Start Manual for the servo amplifiers of the MR-J3-T series with point table positioning is designed to enable you to get your system installed and configured for use as quickly as possible. Please note that this guide only covers the basic functions with the instructions necessary to use these functions. Complete descriptions of all the supported functions and all available extensions can be found in the instruction manuals.

Please also note that the servo amplifiers of the MR-J3-T series include the following additional major functions that are not covered in this Quick Start Manual:

- Communication via a serial port for controlling point table positioning
- Positioning control in BCD format with the optional MR-DS60 digital switch
- Amplifier controller circuit settings and auto-tuning functions

## **Safety Instructions**

To ensure safe and proper installation of the equipment please also observe the instructions and safety precautions in the instruction manuals supplied for your hardware.

#### Notes in this Quick Start Manual:

Tips and useful information.

#### Additional documentation:

- MR-J3-T Instruction Manual (SH(NA030061-A)
- MR-J3-T Instruction Manual for CC-Link (SH(NA030058-B)
- Instruction Manual for the CC-Link Master Module:
  - QJ61BT11N
  - A1SJ61BT11
  - A1SJ61QBT11
  - FX2N-16CCL-M

NOTE

## Contents

1	Introduction
1.1	Preparations
2	Installing the Equipment
2.1	Installing the MR-J3-D01 Extension
3	First Functional Test
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Minimum Connections for the Functional Check3-53.1.1Connector pin assignments.3-6Functional Test Settings.3-7Configuring Positioning Point Tables3-9Functional Test with MR Configurator3-103.4.1Selecting point table position entries3-10
4	Positioning with Digital Inputs
<ul> <li>4.1</li> <li>4.2</li> <li>4.3</li> <li>4.4</li> <li>4.5</li> </ul>	Additional Connections4-11Turning off Automatic Input Signal Activation4-14Home Position Return.4-154.3.1Dogless Z-phase reference mode.4-154.3.2Dog mode home position return4-19Configuration for Positioning4-234.4.1Importing and exporting point tables.4-26Functional Test of Digital Input Positioning4-28
5	Positioning via a CC-Link Network
5.1 5.2	Additional Connections5-31CC-Link Communication Settings5-345.2.1Settings on the servo amplifier5-345.2.2Configuration for communication with GX IEC Developer5-36
5.3	Testing the Servo Amplifier via CC-Link
Α	Appendix
A.1 A.2 A.3	Digital Signals – Quick Reference       A-39         Standard Parameters – Quick Reference       A-40         Alarms and Warning Messages       A-41

## 1 Introduction

The servo amplifiers of the MR-J3-T series are designed specifically for drive positioning applications using point-to-point positioning without interpolation or trajectory control. The positions to be accessed stored in a table and can be selected cyclically, individually or in any order with:

- Digital signals
- CC-Link communication

The MR Configurator setup software package enables the user to test the entered positioning steps quickly and easily in test mode.

### 1.1 **Preparations**

The following products and parts are needed for using the point table positioning features described in this manual:

- A servo amplifier, for example MR-J3-10T
- A servo motor compatible with the selected amplifier Example: **HF-KP13** motor for the MR-J3-10T servo amplifier
- MRZJW3-SETUP221E Version C0 of the MR Configurator setup software package
- MR-J3USBCBL3M USB cable for connecting your PC/notebook with the servo amplifier
- MR-PWS1CBLIM-A1-L motor connection cable
- MR-J3ENCBL<sup>II</sup>M-A2-L rotary encoder cable
- MR-J2CMP2 connector for CN6 I/O signal connector
- Power supply cables conforming to the applicable installation regulations
- Connection cables for the control terminals

#### Required for positioning control with digital signals:

- MR-J3CN1 connector for communication connector CN10
- Optional **MR-J3-D01** expansion card

#### Useful but not absolutely necessary:

 Simulation Box and terminal block with connection cable for testing: FX Simulation Box (Art. No. 3386) MR-TB50 terminal block for CN10 (MR-J3-D01) MR-J2M-CN1TBLIM cable for connecting CN10 to MR-TB50

#### Required for positioning control via a CC-Link network:

- Q-Rack with PLC and the CC-Link module QJ61BT11N or
   A-Rack with PLC and CC-Link module A1SJ61BT11, A1SJ61QBT11 or FX2N-16CCL-M
- CC-Link cable compatible with version V1.10 Standard
- Cable for connecting the PC/notebook to the PLC CPU: Q series: SC-Q QC30R2 A and FX series: SC-09
- The GX IEC Developer programming software package for configuration of the data communications settings

#### NOTE

This Quick Start Manual describes the installation and setup of a typical servo system consisting of an MR-J3-10T servo amplifier (single-phase, 230V / 100W) and an HF-KP13 servo motor. Note that the specifications of this sample system may differ from those of your configuration – please check your equipment's instruction manuals for details if necessary.

## 2 Installing the Equipment

The procedure for the physical installation of the MR-J3-T series hardware is exactly the same as for the MR-J3-A and MR-J3-B models. The dimensions of the MR-J3-T series amplifiers are identical to those of the matching models of the MR-J3-A and MR-J3-B series.

NOTE

Please consult the instruction manual for detailed installation instructions.

## 2.1 Installing the MR-J3-D01 Extension

#### Procedure:

① Remove the cover of the CN7 connector on the right side of the MR-J3-T housing.



Fig. 2-1: Fixing points of the extension MR-J3-D01

- ② Position the MR-J3-D01 extension over the upper and lower mounting points 1 on the servo amplifier, then press the extension into place so that the lugs click into position in the upper and lower mounting points 2. This also connects the extension to the amplifier via connector CN7 on the amplifier.
- ③ Fasten the extension securely to the servo amplifier with the M4 screw (included) as shown in Fig. 2-2.



Fig. 2-2: Fastening screw dimensions for extension MR-J3-D01

NOTE

To uninstall the extension perform the above steps in the reverse order. To release the retaining clips press the retaining tabs marked "Push" inwards and pull the extension out to the side.

## 3 First Functional Test

The wiring diagram below (Fig. 3-1) shows the minimum connections that you must make to test an MR-J3-T series amplifier with the MR Configurator setup software. In test mode you can check whether all the components are working properly.

NOTE

You can also use the optional MR-PRU-03 HMI control terminal for performing initial tests and setting the amplifier's parameters. For further details see the MR-J3-T series instruction manual.

## 3.1 Minimum Connections for the Functional Check



Fig. 3-1: Wiring diagram for minimum configuration without control terminals

#### 3.1.1 Connector pin assignments



Fig. 3-2: Power and control connector pin assignments for minimum configuration

### 3.2 Functional Test Settings

The following input signals are required to activate the servo amplifier's motor output:

- EMG -> Force stop (safety signal)
- SON -> Servo ON
- LSP -> Forward rotation stroke end (limit switch)
- LSN -> Reverse rotation stroke end (limit switch)

You can configure the servo amplifier to activate these signals automatically when the power is switched on:

#### Procedure:

- ① Connect the PC / notebook to the servo amplifier's USB port (CN5) with the MR-J3USBCBL3M cable.
- ② Start MR Configurator on the computer and make the following settings:
  - Select the MR-J3-T series servo amplifier:

Mic Configurator - Project nan	n Diagnostics	Parameters	Test	Advanced-function	Point-data	Help
System settings ect Data L Project and Changing to new st	atus	<mark>⊠ ⊘ &amp;</mark>				
(Axis1)		1				
ter manual Parameter → ⑦ Tuning → ● Device setting						
Prameter copy						
Model Selection :	MR-J3-T			-		2
Station Selection :	MR-J3-A MR-J3-B MR-J3-B Fully (	losed				
Communication Device :	MR-J3-B Linear	r				
Baud Rate Selection :	MR-J3-T AUTO			2		
Comm Port Selection :	AUTO					
		3			onnection selection select	ction
	/			1	° Offline	
QK				Cancel		

Fig. 3-3: Selecting the servo amplifier

 Set the parameter for the automatic activation of the EMG, SON and LSP/LSN input signals:

```
Parameter PD01 "Input signal automatic ON selection 1" = 1C04
```

D #	98		. 9	£} (	C I	Parameter list Molt-comparameter Device setting Tuning Change list Detailed information Converter Parameter copy	setm		0	
Para	meter Set	ting					-			
Oth	ersettings	6	Co	nstant		Maintenance	For sys	tem	Option card	Parameter block
Bas	sic setting		Basics	etting (li	st)	Gain/Filter	Extension	setting	NO setting	Extension control
No	Abbr.	1.11			-	Name	···· )	Value	Units	Setting range
PD01	*DIA1	Input s	ignal auto	matic ON	selecti	on 1		1004		0000-FFFFh
PD02	"DIA2	For ma	For manufacturer setting					Danc	×	0000-0000h
PD03	*D(A3	input e	input signal automatic ON selection 3					0000		0000-F0FFh
PD04	*0644	input a	Input signal automatic ON selection 4					0000		0000-FF00h
PD05	*D(1	For manufacturer setting				0000		0000-0000h		
9009	*0(2	Input s	Input signal device selection 2 (CN8-2)					0002		\$200-003Fh
PD07	*D(3	Input e	ignal dev	ice select	tion 3 (C	(146-3)		0038		0-003Fh
PD08	*014	input s	ignal dev	ice select	tion 4 (C	CN8-4)		0007		0000-003Fh
PD09	*D01	Output	i signal de	svice sele	ction 1	(CN8+14)		0002		0000-003Fh
PD10	1002	Output	signal de	evice sele	ection 2	(CN8-15)		0003		0000-003Fh
PD11	*003	Output	signal de	vice sele	ction 3	(CN8-16)		0024		0000-003Fh
PD12	*DIN1	Extern	al Di func	tion selec	tion 1			0000		0000-FFFFh
PD13	*D/N2	For ma	anufacturi	er setting				0000		0000-0000h
PD14	*DIN3	Extern	al DI func	tion selec	tion 3			0500		0000-FFFFh
PD15	*D9/4	For ma	anufacture	er setting				0000		0000-FFFFh
PD16	*DIAB	input p	olarty se	lection				1000		0000-0111h
PD17		For me	nufacture	er setting				0000		0000-0000h
PD18		For me	nufacture	er setting				0000		0000-0000h
PD19	*DIF	Respo	nse level	setting				0002		0000-0115h
	and the second second	Response level seding					1000			

Fig. 3-4: Parameter settings for automatic input signal activation.

- Turn the servo amplifier off and then turn it on again to initialise the new parameter setting.

### 3.3 **Configuring Positioning Point Tables**

The position values, travel speeds and acceleration and deceleration times are stored in tables known as "point tables". We will now go through the steps required to configure and define a point table.

#### Procedure:

- ① Select the *Point Table* option from the *Point-data* menu.
- ② Enter the values for the movements (position, speed, acceleration and deceleration times) in the *Point Table List* window, using one line for each movement:
  - Enter target position (a) in µm x 10<sup>STM</sup> (STM: e in diagram).
  - Enter speed (b) in rpm.
  - Enter acceleration/deceleration times (c) and (d) in ms as required for the motor's rated speed.
- MR Configurator Project name (Axis1) [00Station] MR-J3-T Servo a Setup Diagnostics Parameters Point-data Vien 0 🛩 🖬 🖨 🐚 🎆 🤍 🚯 🧃 🔲 🔍 🔍 Point table oject Data List X S<sup>®</sup> Point table list ect name 1 File name: a b С d (Axis1) -1 Setup Parameter DecelTime Dwell Time No. Position Data Speed Data Accel Time Aux Func. M Code Tuning Device setting 100 100 100 3000.00 300 100 100 0 n n Prameter copy 5000,00 100 300 200 0 0 8 P Point tal 1500,00 200 100 100 0 0 1500.00 500 100 80 0 0 500.00 258 100 100 0 Ð 6 2000.00 100 50 50 0 0 1000.00 300 100 100 Ð 0 я 0 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 10 0.00 0 0 Ð ð 0 11 0.00 0 0 0 0 Ó 0 12 0.00 0 0 0 0 0 100 TM Times Set STM to the same value as that of parameter PA05 е Delete Insert Write Read All /erit Write All

③ Save the entries by clicking on the Write All button.

Fig. 3-5: Point table positioning entries in the point table list window

Make sure that the *Aux. Func.* value in every line is left at the default factory setting ("0") to ensure that selecting a position value in the table does not inadvertently activate any subsequent table entries.

#### NOTES

In the factory default settings the absolute value command system for the target positions is activated with parameter PA01 "\*STY". When this system is active all target position values are referred to the physical home position. Alternatively you can also select the incremental value command system. The absolute position detection system for the home return function can be set with parameter PA03 "\*ABS" (see chapter 4.3).

Loading the factory defaults will not overwrite your point table entries.

### **3.4 Functional Test with MR Configurator**

Using MR Configurator you can perform a basic test of the individual positioning steps and make adjustments for your application. Note that setting parameter **PA14** does not have any effect on the rotation direction in **jog mode** when using MR Configurator. The rotation directions are defined as follows, looking at the end of the drive shaft (i.e. towards the motor):

- FORWARD -> anticlockwise
- REVERSE -> clockwise

## **NOTES** Home position return is not possible in test mode when using MR Configurator – use the **jog function** to move to the starting position.

You can set the rotation direction in "single-step feed mode" with parameter PA14.

#### 3.4.1 Selecting point table position entries

#### **Procedure:**

- ① Select Single-step Feed ① in the Test menu.
- To select a position enter its point table line number in the dialog box displayed 2.
- 3 Start the positioning operation 3.



Fig. 3-6: Single-step Feed window for testing individual positioning steps

## **4 Positioning with Digital Inputs**

This chapter describes how point table positioning is used in most applications with the MR-J3-T series amplifiers and the **MR-J3-D01** I/O extension.

NOTE

Please refer to the instruction manual if you need other functions other than those described here for your application.

### 4.1 Additional Connections

The initial functional tests described in chapter 3.1 were performed with a minimum connection configuration. For the full range of standard functions you now need to make additional power supply and control terminal connections on the CN6 and CN10 terminal blocks, as shown below in Figs. 4-1 and 4-2.



Fig. 4-1: Single-phase power connections for the MR-J3-T amplifier



Fig. 4-2: Pin assignments of connectors CN6 and CN10



Fig. 4-3: Connection of the control terminals with PNP logic (source logic)

#### NOTES

You can find a brief descriptions of the signal functions in Appendix A.1. Please refer to the instruction manual for a complete reference.

All digital signals described in this manual use source logic.

**For safety reasons** the EMG signal must be connected to pin 1 of connector CN6 if the servo amplifier is not operated during the first functional test. The EMG signal is permanently assigned to pin 1 and the amplifier is deactivated when there is no EMG signal if it is configured accordingly (see chapter 3.2).

## 4.2 Turning off Automatic Input Signal Activation

#### Procedure:

① Reset parameter **PD01** to a value of "0":

						Parameter bloci
Ba	sic setting	Basic setting (list)	Gain/Filter	Extension setting	I/O setting	
No.	Abbr.		Name	Value	Units	Setting range
001	*DIA1	Input signal automatic ON selecti	on 1	0000		0000-FFFFh
002	*DIA2	For manufacturer setting				0000-0000h
003	*D6A3	Input signal automatic ON selection	on 3	0000		0000-F0FFh
004	*DIA4	Input signal automatic ON selection	an 4	0000		0000-FF00h
005	*DI1	For manufacturer setting		0000		0000-0000h
308.	10/2	Input signal device selection 2 (C	N6-2)	0028		0000-003Fh
07	*D(3	Input signal device selection 3 (0	N6-3)	A000		0000-003Fh
205	*DI4	input signal device selection 4 (C	746-4)	0008		0000-003Fh
900	*D01	Output signal device selection 1	(CN8-14)	0002		0000-003Fh
110	1002	Output signal device selection 2	(CN6+15)	0003		0000-003Fh
111	*D03	Output signal device selection 3	(CN6-16)	0024		0000-003Fh
42	"DIN1	External DI function selection 1		0000		0000-FFFFh
13	*DIN2	For manufacturer setting		0000		0000-0000h
14	"DIN3	External DI function selection 3		0800		0000-FFFFh
15	*D/N4	For manufacturer setting		0000		0000-FFFFh
116	*DIAB	Input polarity selection	- Gi D	0000		0000-01116
117		For manufacturer setting		0000		0000-0000h
118		For manufacturer setting		0000		0000-0000h
119	*D/F	Response level setting	/	0002		0000-0115h
-	UDOD4	Constitute extension C. 4				0020.02420

Fig. 4-4: Switching off automatic input signal activation

### 4.3 Home Position Return

At the factory the MR-J3-T servo amplifiers are configured with the incremental system activated by default (i.e. the absolute position detection system is switched off). This means that the current position is not stored when the amplifier's power supply is switched off, making it necessary to perform a return to home position every time the unit is powered up. You can configure the home position return mode with Parameter **PC02**:

Parameter PC02



The most commonly used modes are:

1. Dogless Z-phase reference mode (A)

#### 2. Proximity dog mode (0)

These two modes are described in detail below. Dogless Z-phase reference mode is suitable for simple applications. Dog mode is frequently used for standard applications.

#### 4.3.1 Dogless Z-phase reference mode

In this mode the Z-phase of the rotary encoder (zero position of the encoder) is used as the machine's physical home position. However, it is quite rare to be able to configure a machine so that its physical home position exactly matches the Z-phase of the encoder. It is thus almost always necessary to enter an offset (shift) with parameter **PC06**.

After activation of the forward start command ST1 (or reverse ST2) the home position return is initiated by parameter **PC04** ("home position return speed"). When the Z-phase signal from the encoder is registered the servo motor brakes to a halt. After this a precise return to home is performed at creep speed with parameter **PC05**.

The physical home position can be shifted in relation to the zero position of the encoder (Z-phase) with the home position offset (shift) defined with parameter **PC06**. Parameter **PC07** can be used to define a home position value other than zero.

When the home position return has been completed successfully the servo amplifier activates the ZP signal.

#### Timing chart:



Fig. 4-5: Home position return sequence in dogless Z-phase reference mode

No.	Code	Function	Description
PA05 <sup>①</sup>	*FTY	Feed length multi- plication factor	Needed here to scale the home position value to the physical coor- dinate system.
PC02 <sup>①</sup>	*ZTY	Home position return mode	Selects the home position return mode: A: Dogless Z-phase reference mode
PC03 <sup>①</sup>	*ZDIR	Home position return direction	<ul><li>0: Incrementing counting of encoder pulses</li><li>1: Decrementing counting of encoder pulses</li></ul>
PC04	ZRF	Home position return speed	Sets home position return speed until first detection of the Z-phase in [rpm].
PC05	CRF	Creep speed	Speed for precise movement to home position in [rpm].
PC06	ZST	Home position offset (shift)	Distance between the encoder zero point (Z-phase) and the physical home position in $\mbox{[}\mu\mbox{m]}\mbox{.}$
PC07 <sup>①</sup>	*ZPS	Home position return position value	The home position return stops when the Z-phase position is reached. You can enter a non-zero coordinate for this position [in $10^{\text{STM}}\mu\text{m}$ ] with this parameter.

Table 4-1: Parameter reference table

 $^{\textcircled{0}}$  You must turn the power off and on again to activate this parameter.

#### Examples:

The Z-phase of the encoder is defined as the physical home position of the machine. In this
example we are going to perform the home position return at 200 rpm in the direction in
which the encoder pulses are counted incrementally.

Parameter settings:

				i la sua			Parameter blo
Basic setting		Basic setting (list)	Basic setting (list) Gain/Filter		tting	NO setting	
No.	Abbr	Name			Value	Unta	Setting range
C01	"0MD	For manufacturer setting			0000		0000-0002h
102	*ZTY	Home position return type			U00A	-	0000-000Ah
C03	*20IR	Home position return direction		1	0000	)	0000-0001h
C04	ZRF	Home position return speed			200	r/min	0-50000
C05	CRF	Creep speed			20	r/min	0-50000
C08	ZST	Home position shift distance			0	um	0-85535
C07	'ZP5	Home position return position dat	ta	/	0	1015TMum	-32768-32767
C08	DCT	Moving distance after proximity r	dog	/	D	10^S7Mum	0-85535
C09	ZTM	Stopper type home position retur		100	ma	5-1000	
C10	ZTT	Stopper type home position return		15.0	44	1,0-100,0	
C11	CRP	Rough match output range	Param	eter set	tings for exan	nple 0-85535	
C12	JOG	Jog speed				J.	0-50000
C12	"STC	S-pattern acceleration/decelerat	ion time constant		0	ms	0-1000
C14	*BKC	Backlash compensation			0	pulse	0+32000
C15	ORP	For manufacturer setting			0000	-	0000-0001h
吃核	1/BR	Electromagnetic brake sequence	Electromagnetic brake sequence output				0-1000
IC17	ZSP	Zero speed		50	r/min	0-10000	
C18	*BP5	Alarm history clear		0000		0000-0001h	
C19	*ENRS	Encoder output pulse selection		0000	/	0000-0021h	
000	Lictio.	Oteres a miss setting			n		n.04

Fig. 4-6: Relevant parameter settings for example 1

5 <sup>8</sup> High Speed Monitor	
Up to four Amplifier Monitor Parameters can be dis	played.
Current position	0,0 mm
Servo motor speed	0 r/min
Within one-revolution position	0 pulse
Monitor select Clear	Close

*Fig. 4-7:* Values shown when the home position return has been completed correctly

② Perform a home position return as in example 1 but with an offset between the physical and encoder home positions, set with parameter PC06.

Parameter settings:

	and a second second	Desis selles (list)	Colo Palas	Extension salt		100	Parameter bio
Ba Ne	sic setting	Basic seming (rist)	tiame	Emeratori acta	Value	tions 1	Catting range
2001	TOND	For manufacturer setting	Harrie		0000	Vinie	0000-0002h
PC02	275	Home position return type			0004		0000-000Ah
203	720R	Home position return direction		1	0000		0000-0001h
004	ZRF	Home position return apeed		(	200	elmin	0,50000
205	CRF	Creep speed		1	20	elmin	0-50000
PC06	ZST	Home position shift distance			hood	um	0-65535
PC07	"ZPS	Home position return position da	ta.	1	0	10 <sup>4</sup> STMum	+32768-32767
ACOS	DCT	Noving distance after proximity	dog		0	10*STMum	0-65535
PC09	ZTM	Stopper type home position retu		100	ma	5-1000	
010	ZTT	Stopper type home position retu		15,0	96	1.0-100.0	
PC11	CRP	Rough match putput range			10 <sup>4</sup> STMum	0-65535	
4C12	JOG	Jog speed		Parameter s	settina	s for example	0-50000
C13	"STC	S-pattern acceleration/deceleral	tion time constant		Jotting		0-1000
PC14	*BKC	Backlash compensation			0	pulse	0-32000
PC15	ORP	For manufacturer setting			0000		0000-0001h
PC16	MBR	Electromagnetic brake sequence	e output		100	ms: 2	D-1000
PC17	ZSP	Zero speed		50	s/min.	0-10000	
PC18	'BPS	Alarm history clear			0000	/	0000-0001h
PC19	TENRS	Encoder output pulse selection		0000	/	0000-0021h	
	-min	Parties a management			-		0.04

*Fig. 4-8:* Relevant parameter settings for example 2. The offset is entered with parameter PC06.

5 <sup>8</sup> High Speed Monitor	
Up to four Amplifier Monitor Parameters can be	Following completion of the home position return:
Current position	<b>0,0</b> mm The servo motor has travelled to the specified home position. The
Servo motor speed	<b>0</b> r/min home position of the encoder has been exceeded by the value of PC06 = 3,000 μm. For the motor connected this is equivalent to
Within one-revolution position	259144 pulse 259,144 encoder pulses.
Monitor gelect Clear	Close

Fig. 4-9: Values shown when the home position return has been completed correctly

#### 4.3.2 Dog mode home position return

In this mode, instead of the encoder Z-phase(Fig. 4-6), the DOG signal is used to switch from "home position return speed" **PC04** to "creep speed" **PC05**. You can use parameter **PD16** "proximity dog detection polarity" to specify whether a logical "1" or a logical "0" should be identified as an active DOG signal.

As in (1) above, the physical home position can be shifted in relation to the home (zero) position of the encoder (Z-phase) with **PC06** "home position offset (shift)". In addition to this you can also set a non-zero coordinate for the home position with **PC07**.

Conditions for the proximity dog signal:

The proximity dog signal (DOG) must fulfill the following conditions to ensure that the Z-phase of the encoder is detected during the activation period of the DOG signal:

$L_1 \ge \frac{V}{60} \cdot \frac{t_d}{2}$	L1 = Length of the DOG signal in [mm] V = Home position return speed in [mm/min] t <sub>d</sub> = Deceleration time in [s]
$L_2 \ge 2 \cdot \Delta S$	L2 = Length of the DOG signal in [mm] $\Delta S$ = Distance for one rotation of the motor in [mm]

#### Timing chart:



Fig. 4-10: Home position return in proximity dog mode

No.	Code	Function	Description				
PA05 <sup>①</sup>	*FTY	Feed length multi- plication factor	Needed here to scale the home position value to the physical coor- dinate system when a home position offset (shift) has been set.				
			Parameter value	Parameter value Multiplication factor STM			
			0	1			
			1	10			
			2	100			
			3	1000			
PC02 <sup>①</sup>	*ZTY	Home position return mode	Selects the home position return mode: 0: Proximity dog mode (DOG)				
PC03 <sup>①</sup>	*ZDIR	Home position return direction	0: Incrementing counting of encoder pulses 1: Decrementing counting of encoder pulses				
PC04	ZRF	Home position return speed	Sets home position return speed until first detection of the Z-phase in [rpm].				
PC05	CRF	Creep speed	Speed for precise movement to home position in [rpm]				
PC06	ZST	Home position offset (shift)	Distance between the encoder home position (Z-phase) and the physical home position in $[\mu m]$ . Does not change the zero point of the physical coordinate system.				
PC07 <sup>①</sup>	*ZPS	Home position return position value	The home position return stops when the Z-phase position is reached. You can enter a non-zero coordinate for this position [in $10^{STM}\mu$ m] with this parameter.				
PD16 <sup>①</sup>	*DIAB	Input signal polarity	Logical value for dete 0: Active DOG on log 1: Active DOG on log	ection of the proximity dog sig gical "0" gical "1"	gnal (DOG):		

 Table 4-2:
 Parameter reference table

 $^{\textcircled{0}}$  You must turn the power off and on again to activate this parameter.

#### Example:

In the following example the physical home position is at the position of the Z-phase of the encoder. However, we now want to assign a non-zero value in the physical coordinate system to this position.

#### Parameter settings:

Basic setting Basic setting (list)		Basic setting (list)	Gain/Filter	Extension settin	2	I/O setting	Parameter block
No.	Abbr.	1	Name	1.1	aue	Units	Setting range
01	+OMD	For manufacturer setting			0000		0000-0002m
)2	*ZTY	Home position return type			0000		0000-000Ah
13	ZDR	Home position return direction			0000		0000-0001m
34	ZRF	Home position return speed	1		200	nimin	0-50000
05	CRF	Creep speed			20	r/min	0-50000
06	ZS7	Home position shift distance			0	um	0-65535
07	*ZPS	Home position return position dat		1000	10*STMum	-32768-32767	
88	DCT	Moving distance after proximity of		- 0	10 STMUM	0-65535	
09	ZTM	Stopper type home position return		100	118	5-1000	
10	ZTT	Stopper type home position return		15,0	帖	1,0-100,0	
11	CRP	Rough match output range			0	10°STMum	0-65535
12	106	Jog speed			100	e/min.	0-50000
13	*STC	S-pattern acceleration/decelerat	ion time constant				0-1000
14	*BKC	Backlash compensation		Parameter :	setting	gs for example	0-32000
15	ORP	For manufacturer setting			0000		0000-0001h
括	MBR	Electromagnetic brake sequence	e output		100	#15	0-1000
17	ZSP	Zero speed			50	nimin 6	0-10000
18	'BPS	Alarm history clear			0000	4	0000-0001h
19	*ENRS	Encoder output pulse selection			0000	/~	0000-0021h
10	Licito.	Chatten quality and the setting				- free	4.04

*Fig. 4-11:* Relevant parameter settings for the example. The home position value is entered with PC07.

1 <sup>5</sup> High Speed Monitor	X	
Up to four Amplifier Monitor Parameters can be displayed.		Following completion of the
Current position	(100,0 mm)	home position return:
Servo motor speed	0 r/min	The servo motor has travelled to the encoder home position which is also the machine's physical home position. How-
Within one-revolution position	0 pulse	to a value of 100mm in the ma- chine's coordinate system.
Monitor gelect Cjear	Close	

Fig. 4-12: Values shown when the home position return has been completed correctly

The position value is calculated as follows:

X = PA05 • PC07 in [mm]

In the above example with PA05 = 1 and PC07 = 1000  $[10^{STM} \mu m]$  this gives us:

 $X = 1000 \cdot 10^{1} \, \mu m$ 

## 4.4 **Configuration for Positioning**

If you install the MR-J3-D01 I/O expansion you can use point table positioning, which allows you to select positions from a list of up to 256 table entries with a combination of eight digital inputs. Table 4-3 shows how binary input signals are encoded to address the point table entries.

	Selected Point							
DI7	DI6	DI5	DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	DI0	Table Entry
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
•								•
· ·	· ·	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
· ·	· ·	•	•	•	•	•	•	· ·
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	254
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	255

Table 4-3: Selection of point table entries with digital input signals

In the factory default configuration the incremental system is activated, which means that the absolute position detection system is turned off (**PA03** "absolute position detection system").In this mode the current position is not stored when the power is turned off and you must thus perform a home position return every time the amplifier is powered on. The default configuration also uses absolute target positions (**PA01** "positioning control mode").

No.	Code	Function	Description				
PA01 <sup>①</sup>	*STY	Positioning control mode	0: Absolute ta 1: Incrementa	rget position values I target position valu	es		
PA03 <sup>①</sup>	*ABS	Absolute position detection system	0: Incrementa 1: Absolute po	l system (absolute d	letection off) tem on		
PA05 <sup>①</sup>	*FTY	Feed length multi- plication factor	Needed here to scale the home position value to the physical coor- dinate system when a home position offset (shift) has been set.				
			Parameter value	Multiplication factor STM	Range of the target position values		
			0	1	-999.999 +999.999		
			1	10	-9999.99 +9999.99		
			2	100	-99999.9 +99999.9		
			3	1000	-9999999 +9999999		
1							

Table 4-4: Parameter reference

 $^{(1)}$  To activate this parameter you must switch the amplifier power off and on again.

The following example shows some typical configuration settings used for many common positioning applications:

#### Procedure:

- ① Select the incremental system for positions with **PA03 \*ABS**.
- ② Select absolute value command mode for target positions with PA01 \*STY.
- ③ Set a multiplication factor with **PA05** \***FTY** = 1 => 10 times factor.

This gives us the following position system:



Fig. 4-13: Effective range of the position values with the sample settings

				Parameter block
Basic setting Basic setting (list)	Gain/Filter	Extension setting	I/O setting	
Control mode selection (*STY)		Regenerative brake op	tion selection (*REG)	y tr.
Command md. set Absolute value command	system	Regenerative brake opt	Regen, brake o	iption is not used 🔄
		Feeding function selec	tion (*FTY)	
bestude perifore detection sustant selection	PADEL	Nanual pls. pen. multip	Ication 1 time	
IRS system cel	stem +1	Feed len. multiplication	(STM) 10 times	
Do system set. Tosed in indementars;	yaterni (*			
ollow-up selection at servo-off or emergency	y stop (*AOP1)	Electronic gear setting	("CMX,"CDV)	
onow-up at serve-off or emergency stop	Invalid 🗾	Electronic gear numera	tor	1 Elet gear
n-position range (INP)		Electronic gear denomi	nator	1 100
100 um(0-10000) (Com	mand pulse			
100 um(0-10000) (Cami Forward Reverse rotation torque limit (TLP, T	Param	eter settings for exam	ple uto tuning i	mode 1
100 um(0-10000) (Com orward Reverse rotation torque limit (TLP, T orward rotation torque limit 100 p	Param	eter settings for exam	ple uto tuning i	mode 1
100 um(0-10000) (Com orward Reverse rotation torque limit (TLP, T orward rotation torque limit 100,0 teverse rotation torque limit 100,0	Mand a lise Param 56(0.0 to 100.0)	eter settings for exam	ple uto tuning i	mode 1
100         um(0-10000)         (Commonwealth of the second	Mang Bulse Param %(0.0 to 100.0) %(0.0 to 100.0)	Auto tuning response	ple uto tuning i	mode 1
100         um(0-10000)         (Com           orward /Reverse rotation torque limit (TLP, T         orward rotation torque limit 100,0         100,0           Reverse rotation torque limit 100,0         100,0         100,0         100,0           Rotation direction selection (*POL)         100,0         100,0         100,0         100,0	Mand Hise LN) <b>D</b> Param %(0.0 to 100.0) %(0.0 to 100.0)	Auto tuning response Encoder Output pulse 4000 pulserev	ple uto tuning ( 12 (*ENR) 1-65535)	mode 1
100     um(0-10000)     (Common comparison compared initial (TLP, The common compared initial (TLP, The compared rotation torque limit (TLP, The compared rotation compared initial (TLD, The compared rotation compared initial (TLD, The compared rotation compared rotaticompared rotati	Param (0.0 to 100.0) %(0.0 to 100.0)	Auto tuning response Encoder Output pulse 4000 pulserrer Select the dividing ratio	to tuning 12 12 (*ENR) 1-65535) with extension setting	node 1
100       um(0-10000)       (Com         orward Reverse rotation torque limit (TLP, T       onward rotation torque limit 100,0       (Com         everse rotation torque limit 100,0       100,0       (Com         teverse rotation direction selection (*POL)       T1 coordinate system selection         2CW dir. at adrs. incremented, CW dir. at adrs	mand ulse Param %(0.0 to 100.0) %(0.0 to 100.0)	Auto tuning response Encoder Output pulse 4000 pulserrev Select the dividing ratio	ple uto tuning i 12 (*ENR) 1-65536) with extension setting	node 1
100       um(0-10000)       (Com         orward Reverse rotation torque limit (TLP, T       100,0       100,0         teverse rotation torque limit 100,0       100,0       100,0         totation direction selection (*POL)       100,0       100,0         T1 coordinate system selection       CCW dir. at adrs.       incremented, CW dir. at adrs.         ubble nick item to display datalled description       100,0       100,0	mand ulse Param %(0.0 to 100.0) %(0.0 to 100.0)	Auto tuning response Encoder Output pulse 4000 pulserrev Select the dividing ratio	ple uto tuning i 12 (*ENR) 1-65535) with extension setting 2	node 1

Fig. 4-14: Relevant parameters affecting the target position setpoint values

#### NOTE

If target positions are entered using the incremental system it is not possible to change the rotation direction via the point table. In this mode the rotation direction can only be changed with the start commands (ST1/ST2).

④ The point table entries for the individual positioning steps are configured in the columns numbered ① to ④ in the point table list shown below.

Vo.	Position Data	Speed Data	Accel Time	Decel Time	Dwell Time	Aux, Func.	M Code
1	2000,00	100	100	100	0	0	0
2	3000,00	2000	100	100	0	0	0
3	5000,00	300	300	200	0	0	0
4	1500.00	1500	100	100	0	0	0
5	1500,00	500	80	100	0	0	0
6	500,00	250	100	100	0	0	0
7	2000.00	1235	50	50	0	0	0
8	1000,00	300	100	100	0	0	0
9	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0.00	n	0	0	0	n	0

Fig. 4-15: Example of a positioning application with 8 positioning steps

#### Tips for editing point table entries:

- The value in the Aux. Func. column should normally always be zero. Otherwise the system will automatically jump to the next entry in the table and execute the next positioning command after completing a positioning step, even if there is no change in the input signals.
- The *Dwell Time* column can be used to insert a delay between reaching the target position of the positioning step for the current table line and continuing to the next table line. This option should only be used when multiple positioning steps are performed automatically, without changes in the input signals.
- The button *Insert* inserts a new line above the selected table line. *Delete* deletes the selected line.
- The Verify function checks whether the positioning table in MR Configurator matches the table stored in the connected servo amplifier. If the tables don't match a message is displayed showing the line number where the difference was found:



- Always deactivate start command ST1/ST2 before starting a new positioning sequence. Then you can select a new table entry with DI0 - DI7 and start the positioning sequence with ST1/ST2.
- Table entries are not reset when you restore the amplifier's factory default settings!
- You do not need to turn the amplifier off and on again after changing table entries.

**NOTE** Please see the instruction manual for full details on all these procedures.

#### 4.4.1 Importing and exporting point tables

There are two different ways to store the point table from your project so that you can edit it again later in external programs and MR Configurator:

- Export the point table as a text file with the extension **.ptb**. This creates a plain text file that can be edited with a normal text editor.
- Export the point table as a file with the extension **.csv**. These files contain data that can be edited by spreadsheet programs like Microsoft Excel.

#### Procedure:

- ① The Point Table List window must be open and active.
- How to export the point table to a file:



Fig. 4-16: Exporting the point table to a file for archival or editing

③ How to open/import a point table data file:



Fig. 4-17: Opening a point table file to import the data

NO.	Position Data	Speed Data	Accel Time	Decel Time	Dwell Time	Aux. Func.	M Code
1	2000,00	100	100	100	0	0	0
2	3000,00	2000	100	100	0	0	0
3	5000,00	300	300	200	0	0	0
4	1500,00	1500	100	100	0	0	0
5	1500,00	500	80	100	0	0	0
6	500,00	250	100	100	0	0	0
7	2000,00	1235	50	50	0	0	0
8	1000,00	300	100	100	0	0	0
9	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0,00	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	0.00	0	n	n	0	0	n)

Fig. 4-18: Point table position data imported from a .csv file

### 4.5 Functional Test of Digital Input Positioning

Normally you need a simple controller to set the digital inputs used to select the point table position entries, for example a PC, a mini PLC or an HMI control terminal. This chapter explains how you can perform a thorough check of the functionality of the positioning control functions without needing to perform the additional work of programming and installing a controller.

Fig. 4-19 shows a test installation without an external controller. Note that the FX Simulation Box used in this setup can set a maximum of 14 digital inputs.



Fig. 4-19: Test setup for simulating positioning with digital inputs

#### NOTE

The test setup shown above does not use any safety features for the tests (EMG. OFF). You should thus only use this setup in a controlled test environment where errors cannot cause any danger for personnel or equipment!

MR Configurator can monitor all the inputs and outputs of the MR-J3-T, including those on the MR-J3-D01 I/O extension.

#### **Procedure:**

- Connect the PC/notebook to the USB port (CN5) of the servo amplifier using cable MR-J3USBCBL3M.
- ② Start MR Configurator and make the following selections:
  - Select the MR-J3-T series amplifier.
  - Select the MR-J3-D01 expansion card ("option unit").

System Settings		
Model Selection :	IR-J3-T	Dption unit selection
Station Selection :	0	
Communication Device :	Servo amplifier connection USB	
Baud Rate Selection :	UTO	2
Comm Port Selection :	UTO	7
		Connection selection C Offline
QK	2	Cancel

*Fig. 4-20:* Settings in MR Configurator for checking the MR-J3-T with the MR-J3-D01 expansion card

After this you can monitor the signals of the expansion card with the option *Option unit I/F display* in the *Monitor* menu.



Fig. 4-21: Selection of the "Option unit I/F display" terminal monitor option



Fig. 4-22: The "Option unit I/F display" terminal monitoring window

## 5 **Positioning via a CC-Link Network**

As an alternative to using digital signals you can also control positioning with MR-J3-T servo amplifiers via a CC-Link network connection.

NOTE

Before proceeding ensure that the MR-J3-D01I/O expansion card is not installed. If it is installed CC-Link communications will be disabled.

### 5.1 Additional Connections

In addition to the minimum configuration described in chapter 3.1 you also need to connect the CC-Link cable and the cabling for connector CN6 for this mode.



Fig. 5-1: Connections for operating the servo amplifier via a CC-Link network

- <sup>①</sup> To prevent an electric shock, always connect the protective earth (PE) terminal (terminal marked =) of the servo amplifier to the protective earth (PE) of the control box.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Connect the diode in the correct direction. If it is connected reversely, the servo amplifier will be faulty and will not output signals, disabling the emergency stop (EMG) and other protective circuits.
- <sup>(3)</sup> The forced stop switch (normally closed contact) must be installed.

- <sup>④</sup> Supply 24 V DC ±10 % 150 mA current for interfaces from the outside. 150 mA is the value applicable when all I/O signals are used. The current capacity can be decreased by reducing the number of I/O points.
- <sup>(5)</sup> When starting operation, always turn on forced stop (EMG) and Forward/Reverse rotation stroke end (LSP/LSN). (Normally closed contacts)
- <sup>(6)</sup> Trouble (ALM) turns on in normal alarm-free condition.
- <sup>⑦</sup> Use MRZJW3-SETUP 211E.
- <sup>(®)</sup> Personal computers or parameter modules can also be connected via the CN3 connector, enabling RS422 communication. Note that using the USB communication function (CN5 connector) prevents the RS422 communication function (CN3 connector) from being used, and vice versa. They cannot be used together.



<sup>(9)</sup> For the sink I/O interface.

Connections for the CC-Link network



Fig. 5-2: Connections between the servo amplifier and the CC-Link master module

NOTE

You must install a terminating resistor on terminals DB and DB on the physical first and last stations in the CC-Link network. The required ohmage of the resistor depends on the cable length, please check the version V1.10 specifications for details.

## 5.2 CC-Link Communication Settings

#### 5.2.1 Settings on the servo amplifier

In the instructions below we are assuming that you have an operating CC-Link network with the following specifications:

- Data rate 156Kbit/s
- The master station is a QJ61BT11N module that is integrated in a System Q controller platform with a Q02H-CPU.

#### Procedure:

① Set the number of reserved stations:



Fig. 5-3: Correct position of switch S1 for setting the number of reserved stations

② Set the station address (max. value 64):



*Fig. 5-4:* Set switches x1 and x10 to the correct station address

#### ③ Set the data rate:



Fig. 5-5: Mode switch setting for the network data rate

NOTE

The servo amplifier settings required for point table positioning are described in chapters 4.2 through 4.4. Please check that these settings have been made correctly before proceeding.

#### 5.2.2 Configuration for communication with GX IEC Developer

Generally, positioning control is performed via a CC-Link network in applications where an additional PLC system is used for automation tasks as well as the integrated controller in the amplifier. In this example we will thus only provide detailed descriptions of the settings required to integrate the servo amplifier in your project.

#### Procedure:

How to open an existing project in GX IEC Developer:

- ① Select *Network* ① in the project directory tree in the left window.
- 2 Select CC-Link 2 in the Network Parameter box.
- ③ This opens the window *Network parameters: Setting the CC-Link list* where you can now enter the settings shown in Fig. 5-6 ④.



*Fig. 5-6:* Settings required in GX IEC Developer for CC-Link communication between the controller and the servo amplifier

#### Notes on the network settings:

- (a) In the example only one servo amplifier is connected to the CC-Link network. This value must be increased by the number of slave stations installed if applicable.
- (b) These values specify which bits or data words are to be used to control the servo amplifier. The settings shown in the example are for the following assignments:

PL	.C -> Servo Amplif	ier	Se	ervo Amplifier -> P	LC		
PLC I/Os	Registers	Signals	PLC I/Os	Registers	Signals		
Y100	RYn0	SON	X100	RXn0	RD		
Y101	RYn1	ST1	X101	RXn1	INP		
Y102	RYn2	ST2	X103	RXn3	ZP		
Y103	RYn3	DOG	X11A	RX(n+1)A	ALM		
Y104	RYn4	LSP					
Y105	RYn5	LSN	· · ·				
Y106	RYn6	MD0					
Y10A	RYnA	DIO	NOTE				
Y10B	RYnB	DI1	Signals DI5, D	I6 and DI7 are only	available		
Y10C	RYnC	DI2	when the ampl	lifier is configured to	o occupy 2		
Y10D	RYnD	DI3	stations in the	network.			
Y10E	RYnE	DI4					
Y10F	RYnF	RES					

Table 5-1:Signal assignments

(c) Slave station type setting:

Station No.         Station type         cyclic setting         count         points         station select         Send         Receive         A           1/1         Remote device station              • ingle             • Exclusive station 1 • 32 points             • No setting             • No setting             • Ingle             • Ingle               • Ingle             • Ingle             • Ingle               • Ingle             • Ingle               • Ingle	cints station select Send Receive Automatic No setting
1/1 Remote device station   ingle  Exclusive station 1   32 points  No setting  Ingle  Ingle Ing	No setting

Fig. 5-7: This configuration also enables exchange of data words

④ Connect the PC to the PLC and transfer the modified project to the controller.

NOTE

If the CC-Link connection to the servo amplifier is established successfully the **L.RUN**, **SD** und **RD** status LEDs on the servo amplifier will light up.

### 5.3 Testing the Servo Amplifier via CC-Link

Before proceeding it is a good idea use the monitoring function in GX IEX Developer to check that the individual servo functions can be started correctly (e.g. return to home, positioning). After this you can then test the correct operation of the servo system with the PLC program.

#### Procedure:

- ① Activate monitoring mode.
- ② Select Entry Data Monitor in the Online menu.
- ③ Enter the individual remote I/Os to be set or monitored.



*Fig. 5-8:* The Entry Data Monitor window where you can set remote I/Os to test the servo functions

## A Appendix

## A.1 Digital Signals – Quick Reference

Connector	Signal Codes		Description				
Pins	DI/DO	CC-Link	Description	DO			
CN6-1	EMG	-	Forced stop - emergency safety signal: The signal is permanently assigned to this pin and must be acti- vated for motor control.	DI			
CN6-2	DOG	RYn3	Proximity dog switch: This signal is used for some of the home position return modes. (See chapter 4.3)	DI			
CN6-3	LSP	RYn4	Forward rotation stroke end switch	DI			
CN6-4	LSN	RYn5	Reverse rotation stroke end switch	DI			
CN6-14	RD	RXn0	Servo amplifier ready	DO			
CN6-15	ALM	RX(n+1)A	Alarm, signals a servo error	DO			
CN6-16	ZP	RXn3	Home position return completed successfully	DO			
CN10-1	DI0	RYnA	Select point table entry, i.e. activate a line in the table for position-	DI			
	Point table	entry no.1	ing. Combinations of signals DI0 through DI7 (see Table 4-3) can be				
CN10-2	DI1	RYnB		DI			
	Point table	entry no. 2	NUTE: Signals DIS, DIS and DIZ are only available when the amplifier or-				
CN10-3	DI2	RYnC	cupies 2 stations in the network, thus making 64 bits available via	DI			
	Point table	entry no. 3	CC-Link.				
CN10-4	DI3	RYnD		DI			
	Point table entry no. 4						
CN10-5	CN10-5 DI4 RYnE			DI			
	Point table entry no. 5						
CN10-6	DI5 RY(n+2)3			DI			
	Point table entry no. 6						
CN10-7	DI6	RY(n+2)4	]				
	Point table	entry no. 7					
CN10-8	DI7	RY(n+2)5		DI			
	Point table	entry no. 8					
CN10-13	DICOM	-	Connection for an external power supply for the digital control termi-	DI			
CN10-14			nals. Negative connection for source interface logic (PNP).				
CN10-21	SON	RYn0	SERVO ON: Activating the SON signal powers on the base circuit and makes the amplifier ready for operation.	DI			
CN10-22	ACD0	-	Digital output signals for encoded error messages (see Appendix	DO			
CN10-23	ACD1	-	A.3)				
CN10-24	ACD2	-					
CN10-25	ACD3	-					
CN10-26	RES	RY1A	Reset for error messages	DI			
CN10-32	MDO	RYn6	Switch between automatic/manual mode: The MD0 signal must be off for opertion in jog mode. The signal must be activated before starting a home position return or position- ing.	DI			
CN10-35	ST1	RYn1	Start signal for forward rotation	DI			
CN10-36	ST2	RYn2	Start signal for reverse rotation	DI			
CN10-37	DOCO	-	Connection for an external power supply for the digital control termi- nals. Positive connection for source interface logic (PNP).	DI			
CN10-49	INP	RXn1	IN Position: Target position reached signal.	DO			

 Table A-1: Digital signals - quick reference

## A.2 Standard Parameters – Quick Reference

No.	Code	Function	Description				
PA01 <sup>①</sup>	*STY	Positioning control mode	0: Absolute va 1: Incremental	lue command s value comman	ystem for target positions d system for target positions		
PA03 <sup>①</sup>	*ABS	Absolute position detection system	0: Incremental 1: Absolute po	system (absolu sition detection	te position detection off) system on		
PA05 <sup>①</sup>	*FTY	Feed length multipli- cation factor	Needed here t ordinate syste	o scale the hom m when a home	ne position value to the physical co- e position offset (shift) has been set.		
			Parameter value	Multiplication factor STM	Range of the target position values		
			0	1	-999.999 +999.999		
			1	10	-9999.99 +9999.99		
			2	100	-99999.9 +999999.9		
			3	1000	-999999 +999999		
PA14 <sup>①</sup>	*POL	Servo motor rotation direction	Motor rotation direction (looking at shaft end facing motor): 0: Anticlockwise when ST1 signal is active 1: Clockwise when ST1 signal is active				
PC02 <sup>①</sup>	*ZTY	Home position re- turn mode	Selects mode to be used for home position return: 0: Proximity dog mode				
PC03 <sup>①</sup>	*ZDIR	Home position re- turn direction	0: Incrementin 1: Decrementi	g counting of er	ncoder pulses encoder pulses		
PC04	ZRF	Home position re- turn speed	Sets home pos Z-phase in [rp	sition return spe m].	ed until first detection of the		
PC05	CRF	Creep speed	Speed for pred	sise movement	to home position in [rpm]		
PC06	ZST	Home position offset (shift)	Distance betw physical home the physical co	een the encode position in [µm pordinate syster	r home position (Z-phase) and the ]. Does not change the zero point of n.		
PC07 <sup>①</sup>	*ZPS	Home position re- turn position value	The home pos reached.You c 10 <sup>STM</sup> µm] with	ition return stop an enter a non- this parameter	os when the Z-phase position is zero coordinate for this position [in		
PD01 <sup>①</sup>	*DIA1	Automatic activation of input signals	This paramete digital signals switched on.	r configures the internally to a lo	amplifier to automatically set the ogical "1" when the power is		
PD01 <sup>①</sup>	*DIAB	Polarity of the input signal	Logical value f 0: Active DOG 1: Active DOG	or detection of t on logical "0" on logical "1"	he proximity dog signal (DOG):		

Table A-2: Standard parameters – quick reference

 $^{\mbox{\tiny (1)}}$  To activate this parameter you must switch the amplifier power off and on again.

## A.3 Alarms and Warning Messages

	Alarm Code <sup>④</sup>					Alarm Reset			
	Display	ACD3 (Bit 3)	ACD2 (Bit 2)	ACD1 (Bit 1)	ACD0 (Bit 0)	Error	Power Supply OFF ON	MR- Configurator/ HMI <sup>③</sup>	Reset (RES) <sup>②</sup>
	A10	0	0	1	0	Undervoltage	~	~	~
	A12	0	0	0	0	Memory error 1	~	_	_
	A13	0	0	0	0	Clock error	~	—	_
	A15	0	0	0	0	Memory error 2 (E <sup>2</sup> PROM)	~	_	—
	A16	0	1	1	0	Encoder error 1 (at power on)	~	—	—
	A17	0	0	0	0	Board error	~	_	_
	A19	0	0	0	0	Memory error 2 (Flash ROM)	~	—	_
	A1A	0	1	1	0	Incorrect servo motor	~	—	—
	A20	0	1	1	0	Encoder error 2	~	_	_
	A24	1	1	0	0	Main circuit error	~	~	~
Alarme	A25	1	1	1	0	Absolute position lost/erased	~	_	_
	A30	0	0	0	1	Regenerative braking overload	✔ <sup>①</sup>	✔ <sup>①</sup>	v <sup>(1)</sup>
	A31	0	1	0	1	Overspeed	~	~	<b>v</b>
	A32	0	1	0	0	Overcurrent	~	—	_
	A33	1	0	0	1	Overvoltage	~	~	~
	A35	1	1	0	1	Input frequency too high	v	—	_
	A37	1	0	0	0	Parameter error	~	—	_
	A45	0	0	1	1	Main circuit overheat	✓ <sup>①</sup>	✔ <sup>①</sup>	<b>v</b> 10
	A46	0	0	1	1	Servo motor overheat	✔ <sup>①</sup>	✔ <sup>①</sup>	<b>v</b> <sup>(1)</sup>
	A47	0	0	1	1	Cooling fan error	~	_	_
	A50	0	0	1	1	Overload 1	✓ ①	<b>v</b> 1	✓ <sup>①</sup>
	A51	0	0	1	1	Overload 2	✓ ①	<b>v</b> 1	✔ ①

 Table A-3:
 Error messages(1)

	Display	Alarm Code <sup>④</sup>					Alarm Reset		
		ACD3 (Bit 3)	ACD2 (Bit 2)	ACD1 (Bit 1)	ACD0 (Bit 0)	Error	Power Supply OFF ON	MR- Configurator/ HMI <sup>③</sup>	Reset (RES) <sup>②</sup>
	A52	0	1	0	1	Excessive discrep- ancy error	~	~	~
	A61	0	1	0	1	Operation alarm	~	~	~
Alarms	A8A	0	0	0	0	Serial communica- tion timeout	~	V	V
	A8E	0	0	0	0	Serial communica- tion error	V	V	~
	888	0	—	_	—	Watchdog	~	—	_

Table A-3:Error messages (2)

- <sup>①</sup> Locate and correct the cause of the error and allow the servo amplifier, the servo motor and the regenerative braking unit to cool down for at least 30 minutes before resetting the alarm and restarting the system for normal operation.
- $^{\textcircled{2}}$  Switch on the RES signal.
- <sup>(3)</sup> To reset the alarm click on the Alarm Reset button in the alarm display window in MR Configurator. You can also reset the alarm by pressing the STOP/RESET button on the HMI control unit.

<sup>④</sup> 0: OFF 1: ON

#### NOTE

The output signal ALM is activated when an error or alarm signal is triggered.

	Display	Warning			
(0	A90	Home position return incomplete			
	A92	Battery cable disconnected			
	A96	Home position return error			
	A98	Software limit warning			
	A99	Stroke limit warning			
age	A9A	Option unit input data error			
ness	A9F	Battery warning			
ng n	AE0	Regenerative system overload warning			
/arni	AE1	Overload warning 1			
$\leq$	AE3	Absolute position counter error			
	AE6	Server emergency off warning			
	AE8	Cooling fan too slow			
	AE9	Main circuit off			
	AEC	Overload warning 2			
	AED	Output wattage exceeded			

**Table A-4:** Warning messages

#### NOTE

Please see the instruction manual for more detailed descriptions of the alarm messages and warnings.

## Index

### Α Alarm messages Automatic input signal activation С **CC-Link communications** Connections D **Digital signals** E Expansion card MR-J3-D01 F Positioning with digital inputs . . . . . . . . 4 - 28 G **GX IEC Developer** н Installation

#### Μ MR Configurator Ρ Parameter Point table Positioning Positioning table Positioning table entries S Servo amplifier Signal assignments Connectors CN6 and CN10. . . . . . . . . 4 - 12 Standard parameters W W

Warning messages Reference list
Ζ
Z-phase reference without DOG signal



HEADQUARTERS	
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. German Branch Gothaer Straße 8 <b>D-40880 Ratingen</b> Phone: +49 (0)2102 / 486-0 Fax: +49 (0)2102 / 486-1120	EUROPE
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. <b>CZECH</b> Czech Branch Avenir Business Park, Radlická 714/113a <b>CZ-158 00 Praha 5</b> Phone: +420 - 251 551 470 Fax: +420 - 251-551-471	REPUBLIC
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. French Branch 25, Boulevard des Bouvets <b>F-92741 Nanterre Cedex</b> Phone: +-33 (0)1 / 55 68 55 68 Fax: +33 (0)1 / 55 68 57 57	FRANCE
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Irish Branch Westgate Business Park, Ballymount <b>IRL-Dublin 24</b> Phone: +353 (0)1 4198800 Fax: +353 (0)1 4198890	IRELAND
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Italian Branch Viale Colleoni 7 <b>I-20041 Agrate Brianza (MB)</b> Phone: +39 039 / 60 53 1 Fax: +39 039 / 60 53 312	ITALY
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Poland Branch Krakowska 50 <b>PL-32-083 Balice</b> Phone: +48 (0)12 / 630 47 00 Fax: +48 (0)12 / 630 47 01	POLAND
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. Spanish Branch Carretera de Rubi 76-80 <b>E-08190 Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barce</b> Phone: 902 131121// +34 935653131 Fax: +34 935891579	SPAIN Iona)
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. UK Branch Travellers Lane <b>UK-Hatfield, Herts. AL10 8XB</b> Phone: +44 (0)1707 / 27 61 00 Fax: +44 (0)1707 / 27 86 95	UK
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION Office Tower "Z" 14 F &-12,1 chome, Harumi Chuo-Ku <b>Tokyo 104-6212</b> Phone: +81 3 622 160 60 Fax: +81 3 622 160 75	JAPAN
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION, Inc. 500 Corporate Woods Parkway <b>Vernon Hills, IL 60061</b> Phone: +1 847 478 21 00 Fax: +1 847 478 22 53	USA

**EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES** GEVA AUSTRIA Wiener Straße 89 AT-2500 Baden Phone: +43 (0)2252 / 85 55 20 Fax: +43 (0)2252 / 488 60 TEHNIKON BELARUS Oktyabrskaya 16/5, Off. 703-711 **BY-220030 Minsk** Phone: +375 (0)17 / 210 46 26 Fax: +375 (0)17 / 210 46 26 ESCO DRIVES & AUTOMATION BELGIUM Culliganlaan 3 BE-1831 Diegem Phone: +32 (0)2 / 717 64 30 Fax: +32 (0)2 / 717 64 31 Koning & Hartman b.v. BELGIUM Woluwelaan 31 **BE-1800 Vilvoorde** Phone: +32 (0)2 / 257 02 40 Fax: +32 (0)2 / 257 02 49 INEA BH d.o.o. **BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA** Aleja Lipa 56 **BA-71000 Sarajevo** Phone: +387 (0)33 / 921 164 Fax: +387 (0)33 / 524 539 AKHNATON BULGARIA 4 Andrej Ljapchev Blvd. Pb 21 **BG-1756 Sofia** Phone: +359 (0)2 / 817 6004 Fax: +359 (0)2 / 97 44 06 1 INEA CR d.o.o. CROATIA Losiniska 4 a HR-10000 Zagreb Phone: +385 (0)1 / 36 940 - 01/ -02/ -03 Fax: +385 (0)1 / 36 940 - 03 AutoCont C.S. s.r.o. CZECH REPUBLIC Technologická 374/6 CZ-708 00 Ostrava-Pustkovec Phone: +420 595 691 150 Fax: +420 595 691 199 B:ELECTRIC, s.r.o. CZECH REPUBLIC Mladoboleslavská 812 CZ-197 00 Praha 19 - Kbely Phone: +420 286 850 848, +420 724 317 975 Fax: +420 286 850 850 Beijer Flectronics A/S DENMARK Lykkegårdsvei 17 DK-4000 Roskilde Phone: +45 (0)46/75 76 66 Fax: +45 (0)46/75 56 26 Beijer Electronics Eesti OÜ ESTONIA Pärnu mnt.160i FF-11317 Tallinn Phone: +372 (0)6 / 51 81 40 Fax: +372 (0)6 / 51 81 49 **Beijer Electronics OY** FINLAND Peltoie 37 FIN-28400 Ulvila Phone: +358 (0)207 / 463 540 Fax: +358 (0)207 / 463 541 UTECO A.B.E.E. GREECE 5, Mavrogenous Str. **GR-18542 Piraeus** Phone: +30 211 / 1206 900 Fax: +30 211 / 1206 999 MELTRADE Kft. HUNGARY Fertő utca 14. HU-1107 Budapest Phone: +36 (0)1 / 431-9726 Fax: +36 (0)1 / 431-9727 Beijer Electronics SIA LATVIA Ritausmas iela 23 **LV-1058 Riga** Phone: +371 (0)784 / 2280 Fax: +371 (0)784 / 2281 **Beijer Electronics UAB** LITHUANIA Savanoriu Pr 187 LT-02300 Vilnius Phone: +370 (0)5 / 232 3101 Fax: +370 (0)5 / 232 2980

**EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVES** ALFATRADE Ltd. MALTA 99. Paola Hill Malta- Paola PLA 1702 Phone: +356 (0)21 / 697 816 Fax: +356 (0)21 / 697 817 INTEHSIS srl MOLDOVA bld. Traian 23/1 MD-2060 Kishinev Phone: +373 (0)22 / 66 4242 Fax: +373 (0)22 / 66 4280 HIFLEX AUTOM.TECHNIEK B.V. NETHERLANDS Wolweverstraat 22 NL-2984 CD Ridderkerk Phone: +31 (0)180 - 46 60 04 Fax: +31 (0)180 - 44 23 55 Koning & Hartman b.v. NETHERLANDS Haarlerbergweg 21-23 NL-1101 CH Amsterdam Phone: +31 (0)20 / 587 76 00 Fax: +31 (0)20 / 587 76 05 Beijer Electronics AS NORWAY Postboks 487 NO-3002 Drammen Phone: +47 (0)32 / 24 30 00 Fax: +47 (0)32 / 84 85 77 Sirius Trading & Services srl ROMANIA Aleea Lacul Morii Nr. 3 **R0-060841 Bucuresti, Sector 6** Phone: +40 (0)21 / 430 40 06 Fax: +40 (0)21 / 430 40 02 Craft Con. & Engineering d.o.o. SERBIA Bulevar Svetog Cara Konstantina 80-86 SER-18106 Nis Phone: +381 (0)18 / 292-24-4/5 Fax: +381 (0)18 / 292-24-4/5 INEA SR d.o.o. SERBIA Izletnicka 10 SER-113000 Smederevo Phone: +381 (0)26 / 617 163 Fax: +381 (0)26 / 617 163 AutoCont Control s.r.o. **SLOVAKIA** Radlinského 47 SK-02601 Dolny Kubin Phone: +421 (0)43 / 5868210 Fax: +421 (0)43 / 5868210 CS MTrade Slovensko, s.r.o. SLOVAKIA Vajanskeho 58 SK-92101 Piestany Phone: +421 (0)33 / 7742 760 Fax: +421 (0)33 / 7735 144 INEA d.o.o. SLOVENIA Stegne 11 **SI-1000 Ljubljana** Phone: +386 (0)1 / 513 8100 Fax: +386 (0)1 / 513 8170 Beijer Electronics AB SWEDEN Box 426 **SE-20124 Malmö** Phone: +46 (0)40 / 35 86 00 Fax: +46 (0)40 / 93 23 01 Omni Ray AG SWITZERLAND Im Schörli 5 CH-8600 Dübendorf Phone: +41 (0)44 / 802 28 80 Fax: +41 (0)44 / 802 28 28 GTS TURKEY Bayraktar Bulvari Nutuk Sok. No:5 TR-34775 Yukarı Dudullu-Ümraniye-İSTANBUL Phone: +90 (0)216 526 39 90 Fax: +90 (0)216 526 3995 CSC Automation Ltd. UKRAINE 4-B, M. Raskovoyi St. UA-02660 Kiev Phone: +380 (0)44 / 494 33 55 Fax: +380 (0)44 / 494-33-66

EURASIAN REPRESENTATIVES Kazpromautomatics Ltd. KAZAKHSTAN Mustafina Str. 7/2 KAZ-470046 Karaganda Phone: +77212 / 50 11 50 Fax: +77212 / 50 11 50

#### MIDDLE EAST REPRESENTATIVE

 SHERF Motion Techn. Ltd.
 ISRAEL

 Rehov Hamerkava 19
 IL-58851 Holon

 Phone: +972 (0)3 / 559 54 62
 Fax: +972 (0)3 / 556 01 82

 CEG INTERNATIONAL
 LEBANON

 Cebaco Center/Block A Autostrade DORA
 Lebanon - Beirut

 Phone: +961 (0)1 / 240 430
 Fax: +961 (0)1 / 240 438

# AFRICAN REPRESENTATIVE (BI Ltd. SOUTH AFRICA Private Bag 2016 ZA-1600 Isando

**ZA-1600 Isando** Phone: + 27 (0)11 / 977 0770 Fax: + 27 (0)11 / 977 0761

